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Windsor, September 12.

YEsterday Monsieur Ducker, Envoy-Extraordinary from the Bishop of Munster and Paterborn (being introduced by the Right Honourable Mr. Secretary Boyle, and conducted by Sir Charles Cottrell, Master of the Ceremonies) had his first private Audience of Her Majesty.

Windsor, September 10. This Day the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Sheriffs of the City of *London*, in their Formalities, waited upon the Queen, and presented the following Address to Her Majesty.

To the QUEEN's *most Excellent Majesty.*

The humble Address of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of your Majesty's City of *London*, in Common-Council assembled.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

IN all Humility we presume it cannot but be acceptable to your Majesty to receive the repeated hearty Congratulations of your most dutiful and loyal Subjects, upon such signal and reiterated Instances of the divine Goodness showred down on your sacred Head, in blessing the just Arms of your Majesty and your Allies, under the auspicious Conduct of those renowned Generals, the Duke of Marlborough, *and the Prince of* Savoy, *with such surprizing and uninterrupted Successes.*

Scarce had we enjoyed the Satisfaction we received upon the News of the Reduction of the strong and important Fortress of Tournay, *but we were most agreeably surprized with the Account of a Glorious and Compleat Victory over the whole* French *Army, notwithstanding the Advantage of Ground, and Obstinacy of the Enemy, not to have been overcome but the personal Courage of your Great General.*

And as the Glorious and Just Designs of your Majesty's taking up Arms, were to procure Liberty to oppressed Nations, to settle a Balance of Power in Europe, *and to secure an honourable and lasting Peace to your own Kingdoms; we doubt not but by the Blessing of the Almighty on your Majesty's wise and steady Councils, those Ends will soon be obtained, and the grand Oppressor compelled to submit to such Terms as your Majesty and your Allies shall think fit to give.*

Our sincere and unfeigned Prayers are, and our hearty and constant Endeavours shall always be, That your sacred Majesty (the Relief of the Oppressed, the Support of your Allies, the Terror of your Enemies, the Delight of your Subjects, and the just Object of the Admiration of all) may long live, and reign over a willing, faithful, and most obedient People.

To which Address her Majesty was pleased to return the following most Gracious Answer.

I Return you my Thanks for this Address, and shall be ready on all Occasions to shew you the Satisfaction I take in the Loyalty and Affection of the City.

Berne, September 11. *N. S.* The Armies in Savoy continue in their former Situation, and no considerable Motions have been made on either side for some time past: But Letters which arrived this Day from Geneva say, That the Forces commanded by General Rhebinder had possessed themselves of the high Grounds near Briançon.

We are advised from Milan, that the Bishop of the five Churches had held several Conferences with the Marquis Granieri, in order to compose the Differences between the Courts of Vienna and Turin, and that the Bishop was preparing to set out for the Frontiers of Piedmont, from whence it is supposed he will proceed to Turin, that he may with the greater Expedition satisfie the Demands of his Royal Highness, and determine that Affair. These Letters add, that the Senate had raised twenty seven thousand Pistoles for the Support of the Imperial Army in Italy, and have resolved to levy an equal Sum to carry on the Expedition against Sicily. The Command of this Enterprise is to be committed to General Visconti, who is preparing to set out for Naples, in order to hasten the necessary Dispositions. It is reported that the Inhabitants of that Island appear more and more dissatisfied under the present Administration of Affairs. Letters from Genoa of the 31st of the last Month advise, that on the 28th three English Men of War, the Nassau, Ludlow-Castle and Antelope, sailed for Barcelona, having on Board a great Sum of Mony for the Service of King Charles. Advices from Barcelona say, that Sir George Bing was sailed from that Port with the British Fleet under his Command, having General Stanhope with some Land-Forces on Board; and that on his Voyage he took a Fleet of Corn Ships bound for France from Barbary. We hear from Venice, that Signior Sebastian Foscarini is set out for the Hague, in the Quality of Ambassador and Plenipotentiary from that Republick.

Berlin, September 11. *N. S.* There is lately arrived at this Court a Gentleman, who is a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Service of his Prussian Majesty, and hath attended the King of Sweden in his unhappy Expedition against Muscovy. He was present at the Battel of Pultowa, and confirms all the Particulars which we have already received of that important Action. He relates several Circumstances that are omitted in our Accounts of his Czarish Majesty's Victory; but particularly enlarges on the wonderful Clemency and Moderation of that Prince; and says, that his Majesty reviewed in Person the Prisoners taken in that Battel, and ordered a Ducat to be given to every private Soldier. The last Letters from Warsaw advise, that the Nobility of Poland came in with great Zeal to King Augustus, and that those who were formerly in the Interest of King Stanislaus, submitted themselves in great numbers to his Majesty upon his Entrance into that Kingdom. Advices from King Augustus's Camp near Obra in Poland, import, that the General of Upper Poland, with two thousand Horse, had presented himself at the Head of that Body, and acknowledged his Majesty; that his Army con inued its March towards Kalisch, where King Stanislaus and General Crassau were posted.

From the Camp at Havre, *September* 19. *N. S.* The Disposition being made for the Attack of Mons, the Prince of Nassau Friezland, who commands the Siege, will accordingly take Post to Morrow with the Troops appointed for that Service, consisting of thirty Battalions, and as many Squadrons, and is to have with him three Lieutenants-General, eight Majors-General, and nine Brigadiers. The Army is, at the same time, to make a Movement, and extend from the Right near St. Guillain, to the Left at Villers-Missernicol, near the Trouille, in order to cover the Siege. Lieutenant-General Cadogan went Yesterday to Brussels, to hasten the Artillery and Ammunition to be imployed in the Siege, and several hundred the Horses were ordered, at the same time, from the ' nt and to assist in bringing them forward. His Grace t Left of Marlborough has changed his Quarters this